

Sem - IV

MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION

March - 2019

Paper Code: EC 206

Communication Systems

Time : 1 hr 30 m

Max Marks : 20

Note : Answer all the questions.
 Assume suitable missing data if any.
 Use of Scientific Calculator is permitted.

Q. 1

[2+3]

a) Find the convolution of two signals

$$s_1(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \text{ and } s_2(t) = e^{-t} u(t)$$

b) Show that Hilbert transform of the signal $s(t) = \text{rect}(t/T)$ is given by $(1/\pi) \ln |(2t+T)/(2t-T)|$

Q. 2

[2+3]

a) Given FM and PM modulators with the following specifications

FM modulator

PM modulator

Deviation sensitivity $K_f = 1.5 \text{ KHz/v}$

$K_p = 0.75 \text{ rad/v}$

Carrier frequency $f_c = 500 \text{ KHz}$

$f_c = 500 \text{ KHz}$

Modulating signal $m(t) = 2 \sin(2\pi \cdot 2 \times 10^3 t)$

$m(t) = 2 \sin(2\pi \cdot 2 \times 10^3 t)$

i) Determine the modulation index and sketch the output spectrums for both modulators.

ii) Change the modulating signal amplitude for both modulators to $4V_p$ and repeat (i)

iii) Change the modulating signal frequency for both the modulators to 1 KHz and repeat (i). From the above results comment on the spectrums of FM & PM.

Given

$$J_0(1.5) = 0.5118$$

$$J_1(1.5) = .5579$$

$$J_2(1.5) = .2321$$

$$J_3(1.5) = .0610$$

$$J_4(1.5) = 0.0118$$

$$J_5(1.5) = .0018$$

$$J_6(1.5) = .0002$$

$$J_7(1.5) = .0000$$

$$J_0(3) = -.26$$

$$J_1(3) = .34$$

$$J_2(3) = .48$$

$$J_3(3) = .31$$

$$J_4(3) = .13$$

$$J_5(3) = .04$$

$$J_6(3) = .01$$

$$J_7(3) = .002$$

Q.2

b) A modulating signal $m(t)$ which is band limited up to W Hz is signal sideband modulated using a carrier signal $A_c \cos \omega_c t$. Find the expressions for upper side band $u_{USB}(t)$ and lower sideband $u_{LSB}(t)$. Suggest a scheme to generate $u_{USB}(t)$. Show that $u_{USB}(t)$ have both Amplitude modulation (AM) and phase modulation (PM).

Q.3

[3+2]

- a) How varacter diode can be used for FM modulation? Explain with a practical circuit. How balanced Discriminator can be used for FM demodulation? Give all the mathematical justifications.
- b) How AM modulated signals can be generated by means of switching modulator?

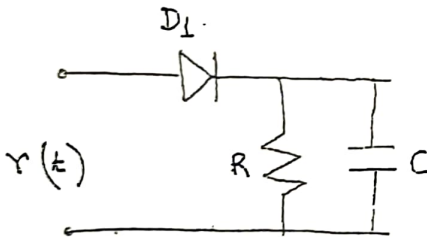
Q.4

[2+3]

a) The received AM signal in absence of noise is given by

$$r(t) = A_c [1 + am_n(t)] \cos 2\pi f_c t.$$

Where $m_n(t)$ is the normalized message signal with bandwidth W is applied to the input of the demodulator circuit given below.



Determine the upper limit of RC to ensure that the capacitor voltage follows the envelope.

Q. 4

b) Derive the condition that must be satisfied by VSB filter in VSB modulator.