

PT312 Numerical Methods in Chemical Engineering

Time: 1 Hour 30 minutes

Max. Marks - 25

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt All questions
- 2) All questions carry equal marks
- 3) Questions should be solved by using numerical methods asked in that particular question.
- 4) Marks will be awarded for step by step correct solutions.
- 5) Zero marks will be awarded for direct solutions or solution by using other methods.

Q.1 (a) Round of the following numbers up to 4 significant digits.

(i) 0.000752415

(ii) 0.0008500

(b) Solve the following system of linear equations, by Gauss-Elimination method.

$$x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 10$$

$$x_1 + 3x_2 - 2x_3 = 7$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + x_3 = 5$$

Q.2 Compute the solution of the system of linear equations by Gauss-Seidal iteration method.

$$6.7x_1 + 1.1x_2 + 2.2x_3 = 20.5$$

$$3.1x_1 + 9.4x_2 - 1.5x_3 = 22.9$$

$$2.1x_1 - 1.5x_2 + 8.4x_3 = 28.8$$

Solve problem up to four iterations. Take  $x_1 = 1$ ,  $x_2 = 2$  and  $x_3 = 3$  as initial gauss

Q.3 Compute a root of  $x \ln x = 1$  by Regula-Falsi Method, correct to three decimal places. Where  $x$  lies between 1 and 2.

P.T.O

Q.4 Specific gravity of a newly developed material is measured at different temperatures as below

Temperature (°C)	Specific gravity
30	3.56
35	3.28
40	3.04
45	2.90
50	2.74
55	2.52
60	2.28

Determine the values of specific gravity at 33 °C and 58 °C by using Newton's forward interpolation and Newton's backward interpolation, respectively.

Q. 5 Viscosity of a Non-Newtonian fluid is measured at different shear-rate as shown below

Shear rate ( $\dot{\gamma}$ ) ( $s^{-1}$ )	Viscosity ( $\eta$ ) (Pa.s)
100	250
500	210
1000	158
5000	112
10000	40
50000	08

Following equation (Power law) may be applied to correlate the shear rate to the viscosity

$$\eta = m(\dot{\gamma})^{n-1}$$

Where  $m$  and  $n$  are the constant. Fit the experimental data in the equation by using least square recreation and calculate the values of the constants.

**END**