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Total No. of Pages: 02
FIRST SEMESTER
Supplementary Examination
ADVANCED MATHEMATICS & NUMERICAL TECHNIQUES
CE-501

Time: 3:00 Hours
Note : Answer ANY FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.
Assume suitable missing data, if any.

Max Marks: 100

Roll No.
M.Tech. (CE)
Feb. 2019

Q.1 [a] Test the consistency and solve

$$x + 2y + z = 3; 2x + 3y + 2z = 5; 3x - 5y + 5z = 2.$$

[b] Find the inverse of the matrix using elementary transformation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 4 \\ -3 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.2 [a] Find the general solution in series of differential equation

$$4x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 2 \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0.$$

[b] Show that $J_{-5/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left[\frac{3}{x} \sin x + \frac{3-x^2}{x^2} \cos x \right]$.

Q.3 [a] Estimate the values of $f(22)$ and $f(42)$ from the following data.

x	20	25	30	35	40	45
f(x)	354	332	291	260	231	204

[b] Probability distribution function values of a normal distribution are $P(0,2)=0.39104$; $P(0,6)=0.33322$; $P(1,0)=0.24197$; $P(1,4)=0.14973$; $P(1,8)=0.07895$. Find the value of $P(x)$ at $x = 1.2$ using Bessel's formula.

Q.4 [a] Show that the expression $A(i,j,k)$ is a tensor if its inner product with an arbitrary tensor B''_k is a tensor.

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[b] Define contravariant tensor of rank two. Show that the Kronecker delta is a mixed tensor of order two.

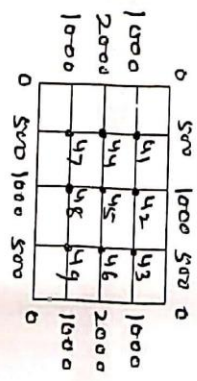
Q.5[a] Evaluate $\int_0^{0.6} e^{-x^2} dx$ using Simpson's 1/3rd rule.

[b] Find the first derivative of $f(x)$ at $x=1.5$ if

x	1.5	2.0	2.5	3.0	3.5	4.0
f(x)	3.375	7.000	13.625	24.000	38.875	59.000

Q.6 [a] Using Runge-Kutta 4th order method, solve $\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y^2$, for $y(0.2)$, given that $y(0) = 1$.

[b] Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ for the domain of the figure given below up to third iteration.



Q.7 [a] (i) Prove that $\Delta = \frac{1}{2} \delta^2 + \delta \sqrt{1 + \frac{\delta^2}{4}}$.

(ii) Prove that $\mu \delta = \frac{1}{2} (\Delta + \nabla)$.

[b] Express $f(x) = x^4 + 3x^3 - x^2 + 5x - 2$ in terms of Legendre polynomials.

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