SYNTHESIS & CHARACTERIZATION OF ZnS NANOPARTICLES AND STUDY OF MEMRISTOR AS ITS APPLICATION IN ELECTRONICS

A Dissertation Submitted towards the Partial Fulfillment of Award of Degree of

MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY In NANOSCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Submitted by

KRISHNA KUMAR KASHERWAL 07/NST/09

Under the Supervision of

Dr. V N Ojha Sc 'G' Quantum Phenomena & Applications NPL New Delhi



DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED PHYSICS

DELHI TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

(Formerly Delhi College of Engineering)

Main Bawana Road, Shahabad Daulatpur, New Delhi – 110042 June-2011

CERTIFICATE

This is to certified that Mr. Krishna Kumar Kasherwal has carried out the entitled "SYNTHESIS & project work presented in the thesis CHARACTERIZATION OF ZnS NANOPARTICLES AND STUDY OF MEMRISTOR AS ITS APPLICATION IN ELECTRONICS" for the award of Master Of Technology in Nanoscience & Technology from Delhi Technological University under the Supervisions of Dr. V N Ojha (Sc 'G') and Dr Rina Sharma (SC 'EII'); Quantum Phenomena Application, National Physical Laboratory, New Delhi. The project has been carried out during the period from July 1, 2010 to July 1, 2011.

(Dr. V N Ojha)

Dr. Rina Sharma

Supervisor

Co- Supervisor

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

It is distinct pleasure to express my deep sense of gratitude and indebtedness to my project guide **Dr. V N Ojha**, Scientist 'G', National Physical Laboratory, New Delhi for his invaluable guidance, encouragement and patient reviews. His continuous inspiration only has made me complete this dissertation. Without his help and guidance, this dissertation would have been impossible. He remained a pillar of help throughout the project

I express my sincere gratitude to Dr. Rina Sharma, Scientist 'E II' and Dr. Rinki Bhadra, National Physical Laboratory, New Delhi, for their valuable support, timely guidance and constructive criticism that motivated me to do valuable and sincere work. The co-operation and timely help, that they provide me, proved very essential for carrying out the experiments.

I am deeply thankful to **Dr. Rajiv Chopra** Scientist 'F', Head H.R.D., National Physical Laboratory, New Delhi for allowing me to carry out the project work in this prestigious research and development centre and gain valuable experience, at the same time I am very thankful to the entire staff members of National Physical Laboratory, New Delhi for their direct or indirect help, cooperation, love and affection.

I wish to express thanks to **Prof. R K Sinha** H.O.D., **Dr. Pawan Kumar Tyagi,** Associate Professor, Department of Applied Physics, DTU for their contribution for assisting me in vivid ways and all persons, who with their encouraging, caring words, constructive criticism and suggestions have contributed directly or indirectly in a significant way towards completion of this work. I gratefully acknowledge for the best wishes and prayers of all my friends.

At last, I am grateful to my parents for their moral support all the time. They have been always around to cheer me up in the odd times of this work.

Krishna Kumar Kasherwal

(07/NST/09)

ABSTRACT

The field of nanotechnology encompasses rapidly emerging technologies based upon the scaling down of existing technology to the next level of precision and miniaturization. Materials in the nanoscale may exhibit physical properties, distinctively different from the bulk. Decrease in size gives rise to an increase in the energy gap as well as splitting of the conduction and valance band into discrete energy levels becomes evident.

The II-IV compound semiconductors are of great importance due to their application in various electro-optic devices. This dissertation is based on the study of semiconducting ZnS nanoparticles. The ZnS nanoparticles are synthesized by chemical route embedded in PVOH matrix. ZnS having wide band gap 3.50-3.70eV is a promising material to be used in photovoltaic device, solar cells. The optical, structural and electrical properties of fabricated ZnS nanoparticles have been examined by various characterization techniques. The structure of the ZnS nanoparticles is confirmed by X-Ray analysis. Band gap is calculated from UV visible. The I-V curves are plotted for analyzing the switching property of the sample. The study concludes that ZnS nanoparticles are promising material for electro-optic, luminescent as well.

TABLE OF **CONTENTS**

Co	ontents	Page no
List o	of figures	
List o	of tables	
CH	APTER 1: INTRODUCTION	1-21
1.1	Quantum confinement	2
1.2	Nanoparticles	3
1.3	Classification	3
1	1.3.1 Metal & Semiconductor nanopa	rticles 3
1	1.3.2 Low dimensional structures	4
	1.3.2.1 Quantum well	5
	1.3.2.2 Quantum wire	6
	1.3.2.3 Quantum dots	7
1.4	Height calculation of nanoparticles	8
1.5	General properties of nanoparticles	8
1	1.5.1 Mechanical properties	10
1	1.5.2 Thermal properties	10
1	1.5.3 Electrical Properties	11
1	1.5.4 Optical properties	13
1	1.5.5 Magnetic properties	14
1.6	General application of nanoparticles	15
1.7	Zinc sulphide – Introduction	16
1	1.7.1 Review of experimental research	n works on
	nanocrystalline ZnS	17
1	1.7.2 Review of application of ZnS	19
1.8	Motivation of the present work	19
CH	APTER 2: SYNTHESIS	22-28
2.1	Introduction	23

2.2 M	ethods adopted to prepare nanoparticles	23
2.2.	1 Top-down approach	23
2.2.	2 Bottom-up approach	24
2.2.	3 Chemical and physical methods	26
2.3	Properties in the fabrication of nanoparticles	28
2.4	Present work	28
СНА	PTER 3: CHARACTERIZTION	29-42
3.1	Introduction	30
3.2	2 Characterization Techniques	30
3.2	2.1 Chemical characterization techniques	30
3.2	2.2 Structural characterization techniques	31
3.3	Characterization Techniques used in Present work	31
3	Optical Absorption spectroscopy (OAS)	31
3	Photoluminescence (PL) spectroscopy	34
3	3.3 X-Ray Diffraction	36
3	3.4 Scanning electron microscope (SEM)	39
3	Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectroscopy (EDS)	41
Cha	pter 4: Data Analysis & Results	43-56
4.1	Results obtained from chemical characterization	44
	(a) Optical Absorption Spectroscopy	44
	(b) Photoluminiscence (PL)	47
	(c) Energy Dispersive X-ray Spectroscopy (EDS)	51
4.2.1	Results from physical characterization	54
	(a) X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)	54
Cha	pter 5: Application	58-68
5.1	Introduction	59

5.2 Memristor	60	
5.3 Review of experimental research wor	rk 63	
5.4 Present work	63	
5.4.1 Experimental details	63	
5.4.2 Results	64	
5.5 Conclusion	68	
Chapter 6: General conclusion and future direction of present work 69-68		
6.1 Conclusion	70	
6.2 Future work	71	
References:		

LIST OF FIGURES

S.No	. Title	Page No.
1.1	Electronic densities of states of semiconductors with 3, 2, 1	
	and 0 degree of freedom	06
3.1	Excitation of electron after absorption of electromagnetic	
	radiation	32
3.2	Single beam UV-visible spectrometer	33
3.3	Double beam UV-visible spectrometer	34
3.4	Photoluminescence	35
3.5	θ - 2θ Scan	37
3.6	Bragg's Law	38
3.7	Scanning Electron Microscope	40
3.8	Electron energy transitions in EDS analysis	42
4.1	Absorption spectra for sample 1	45
4.2	Absorption spectra for sample 2	45
4.3	Absorption spectra for sample 3	46
4.4	Absorption spectra for sample 4	46
4.5	PL spectra for sample 1	48
4.6	PL spectra for sample 2	48
4.7	PL spectra for sample 3	49
4.8	PL spectra for sample 4	49
4.9	EDS pattern for sample 1	51
4.10	EDS pattern for sample 2	52

4.11	EDS pattern for sample 3	53
4.12	EDS pattern for sample	53
4.13	XRD spectrum for sample 1	54
4.14	XRD spectrum for sample 2	55
4.15	XRD spectrum for sample 3	55
4.16	XRD spectrum for sample 4	56
5.1	The four fundamental circuit elements	61
5.2	Experimental set-up for measuring I-V curve of ZnS samples	64
5.3	I-V curve for sample no 1	65
5.4	I-V curve for sample no 2	65
5.5	I-V curve for sample no 3	66
5.6	I-V curve for sample no 4	67

LIST OF TABLES

S No.	Title No.	Page No.
1.1	Physical properties of fundamental ZnS structure	17
4.1	Band gap, size and height of ZnS samples	47
4.2	Excitation and Emission Energy of ZnS samples along	
	With FWHM	50
4.3	Composition of Zn in different sample from EDS	52
4.4	Size for ZnS samples obtained from XRD patterns	56
4.5	Various parameters for ZnS samples obtained	
	From XRD patterns	57